Immanuel Kant (1724-1804) was a great German philosopher born in Konigsberg which is today a part of Russia known as Kaliningrad. He combined early modern rationalism and empiricism, established the terms for most of nineteenth and twentieth-century philosophy, and continues to have an impact today in many other fields.

Categorical Imperative:

The categorical imperative follows no condition to achieve something rather gives clear instructions that someone has to follow **no matter what.**

Kant regards the categorical imperative as a “**good without qualification” as it** requires a person to do certain actions regardless of any qualification or conditions. and requires to have a good will.

The commands in categorical imperative concerns everyone in the universe.

The **first step** to Kant’s first formulation of the categorical imperative we have to define a maxim. **Maxim defines actions taken by someone under certain commands that he would approve of for anyone else to do.**

The **second step i**s that one has identified the maxim he has to think in a broad sense by making the maxim mandatory to follow for everyone in the universe.

**Thirdly**, one has to analyze if there is any contradiction in the world due to his universalizing of the maxim. If there is any conflict, then the maxim will be immoral . However, if there is no conflict of the maxim and people can live in a world with this….moral will it be.